

**DWARKA INTERNATIONAL SCHOOL**  
**FINAL EXAMINATION- 2019-20**  
**CLASS-XI Sample Paper**  
**SUBJECT- POLITICAL SCIENCE**

**GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS**

**MM-80**

- 1. Attempt all questions.**
- 2. Marks are assigned in front of the questions.**
- 3. Read questions carefully before attempting it.**

- Q1. Total seats reserved for Scheduled caste in Lok Sabha is \_\_\_\_\_ (1)  
a) 77                      b) 78                      c) 79                      d) 80
- Q2. The power of judicial review is given to Supreme Court by the article of \_\_\_\_\_ (1)  
a) Article 135              b) Article 136              c) Article 137              d) Article 138
- Q3. When was the Kerala Govt dismissed even after getting majority? (1)  
a) 1956                      b) 1957                      c) 1958                      d) 1959
- Q4. When did the Central Govt introduce Constitutional amendment aiming at strengthening local Govt?(1)  
a) 1989                      b) 1990                      c) 1991                      d) 1992
- Q5. Fill in the blanks. (1)  
The idea of the Directive principles was taken from the Constitution of \_\_\_\_\_
- Q6. Defence is the subject of \_\_\_\_\_ list. (1)
- Q7. Correct the following statement. (1)  
Jammu & Kashmir has unicameral legislature.
- Q8. Define Constitution? (1)
- Q9. What is the main feature of Bill of Rights? (1)
- Q10. Mention the importance of Rights. (1)
- Q11. Where does the Proportional Representation used in election system? (1)
- Q12. Who appoints the Vice- President of India? (1)
- Q13. Mention the unsuccessful attempt to remove the judge of Supreme Court? (1)
- Q14. What is the Hind Swaraj all about? (1)
- Q15. Define Liberalism. (1)
- Q16. Who was Plato? (1)
- Q17. What are the natural rights? (1)
- Q18. Who wrote Citizenship and social class? (1)
- Q19. Define secularism. (1)
- Q20. What is a Nation? (1)

- Q21. What are the main features of Secularism? (2)
- Q22. Do you agree with the following statement? Give reason for your answer.
1. Indian secularism is western import. (1)
  2. Indian secularism is based on vote bank politics. (1)
- Q23. Where do rights come from? (2)
- Q24. In what ways is the study of political theory useful for us? (4)
- Q25. Does the principle of considering the special needs of people conflict with the principle of equal treatment for all? (4)
- Q26. Briefly explain the three principles of justice with examples. (4)
- Q27. Explain some of the factors that lead to the emergence of nationalist feelings. (4)
- Q28. What are some of the new claims for rights which the process of development has generated? (5)
- Q29. Why are many states unhappy about the role of Governor? (5)
- Q30. All citizens may be granted equal rights but all may not be able to equally exercise them. Explain. (5)
- Q31. What are the various issues for the conflict in Indian federal system? (5)
- Q32. What are directive principles of state policy? Explain the relationship between the directive principles and fundamental rights? (6)
- Q33. How has the system of parliamentary committee affected the overseeing and appraisal of legislation by the parliament? (6)
- Q34. Do you think Indian Constitution is a unitary biased? Give reasons for your answer. (6)